



***Washington State
Office of Public Defense***

2008

**DRIVING WHILE LICENSE SUSPENDED 3RD DEGREE
SURVEY OF COURTS OF LIMITED JURISDICTION**

Joanne I. Moore, Director

David K. Chapman, Attorney/ Consultant

STATE OF WASHINGTON OFFICE OF PUBLIC DEFENSE

SURVEY OF DISTRICT AND MUNICIPAL COURTS DWLS 3 SUMMARY

The Washington State Office of Public Defense conducted a survey of the District and Municipal Courts in our state to learn how they are processing charges of Driving While License Suspended in the 3rd Degree, (DWLS 3), and relicensing programs. This survey was conducted electronically and by phone. There are approximately 160 courts listed by the Administrator of the Courts for the State of Washington, which hear DWLS 3 cases. Over 110 of these courts, (68%), participated in the survey. The court administrator, a prosecutor, or the judge provided the information.

The Administrator of the Courts reported in 2007 that over 33% of the criminal filings in our District and Municipal Courts were charges of Driving While Licensed Suspended in the 3rd degree. There were over 300,000 total criminal filings with over 100,000 of the charges being DWLS 3 charges. While conducting the survey it became apparent that some of the courts in areas of Washington, which have a significantly higher percentage of unemployment, had a much higher rate of DWLS 3 charges. Some courts reported over 60% of their criminal filings are DWLS 3 charges.

This study identifies the different processes and approaches the courts are currently using to resolve the DWLS 3 charges. The study identified five different approaches used throughout the State to resolve the high volume of these cases. It is important to note that between 2004 and 2005 there were very few prosecutions for DWLS 3 due to the Supreme Courts ruling in Redmond v. Moore. After the court's ruling in Moore, the legislature revised and reformed the licensing statutes to comply with the Court's ruling. This allowed the Department of Licensing to once again use suspensions when a court notifies them that a driver has unpaid fines, failed to appear, and/or is failing to comply with the terms of a notice of infraction. AOC reports that DWLS 3 filings went from a low of 8.04% of the overall criminal filings in 2005 to our current rate of over 33%.

Data was not gathered from each jurisdiction about average number of days in jail imposed for these offenses. Input about jail being imposed on a first or subsequent offense was requested. There are no courts reporting imposition of jail as punishment for a first offense as long as there were no outstanding warrants or other serious charges arising out of the same offense at the time of the stop. The prosecutors were generally reducing first offenses to infractions and often not requiring them to return with a valid license. On subsequent offenses the courts usually imposed a sanction that may include community service, work crew, work release, suspended jail, electronic home monitoring, and/or a fine.

HOW A LICENSE IS SUSPENDED

Authority to suspend a driver's license by the Department of Licensing is mandatory for many criminal traffic violations such as vehicular homicide, vehicular assault, DUI, reckless driving, and hit and run of an attended vehicle. (See RCW 46.20.342 driving while license invalidated.) DOL also suspends a driver's license when it is notified by a court that a driver has failed to respond to a notice of traffic infraction, failed to appear at a requested hearing, violated a written promise to appear in court, or has failed to comply with the terms of a notice of traffic infraction or citation. (See authority to suspend RCW 46.20.291, suspension for failure to respond, appear, etc. RCW 46.20.289 and monetary penalties RCW 46.63.110.)

Last year in Washington State there were over 115,000 driving while license suspended, first, second, or third degree charges filed in the District and Municipal Courts. Over 100,000 of these drivers were driving at a time in which they were eligible for reinstatement of their license, DWLS 3, most for failing to pay or appear on a traffic infraction. DWLS 3 is a misdemeanor punishable by up to 90 days in jail and or a fine of not more than \$1,000.

If a driver fails to appear, respond, or pay a traffic infraction, the court notifies the Department of Licensing, imposes the infraction bail schedule, adds a default penalty, and sends the ticket to a collection agency. The collection agency adds its own fees and assessments, plus interest, and attempts to collect the fees from the default driver. The collection fees often range between 30 and 50% of the original amount imposed by the court, and accrue interest at 12% per year. Once DOL has been notified about the FTA it sends notice to the driver of the intent to suspend their license if they don't pay the penalties and assessments. The driver may request a hearing with DOL. The hearing is limited to the issues of whether the records relied on identify the correct person, and whether the information transmitted from the court or other reporting agency or entity accurately describes the action taken by the court or other reporting agency. (See RCW 46.20.245.)

The cycle of debt continues to escalate as the unpaid fines gain interest, and as new infractions or criminal offenses occur. Many people simply can't pay the total amount to reinstate their driving privilege. They remain suspended drivers and unfortunately some continue to drive and are charged with the misdemeanor offense of DWLS 3. The usual consequence of being charged and convicted is to have additional fines and penalties imposed. If they continue to drive, the likelihood of serving time in jail increases with each offense.

THE TRADITIONAL APPROACH

The traditional criminal process of a DWLS 3 charge is for a driver to either be stopped cited and released, or booked into custody. A court date to appear for arraignment is set. At arraignment they are advised of their rights and asked to enter a plea. Most often the driver enters a plea of not guilty and the case is set over for a pretrial. Many of these cases are referred to the public defender's office due to the driver's economic status. It follows that drivers who have not paid their fines and incur a license suspension usually meet the eligibility requirements for the court to appoint a public defender. At the time of the pretrial, the case is either resolved by a plea of guilty, continued for trial, or set over for further negotiations. Very few of these cases actually proceed to a trial.

Over 66% of the courts contacted use the traditional approach to prosecute charges of DWLS 3. Over 90% of the courts that use the traditional approach in the survey indicated that the prosecutor and courts tried to give sufficient time for a person charged to get their license. If the person returns with a valid license, the charge is often reduced to the infraction of No Valid Operators License with identification, and a monetary penalty is imposed. A few of the prosecutors and courts do not offer an amendment to the infraction but do suspend a portion of the fine and the imposition of jail if the driver returns with a valid license. In 2007, over 33% of the cases filed in our District and Municipal courts were charges of DWLS 3. In the courts that follow the traditional approach to prosecution of these charges, the public defender caseload usually mirrors the same percentage of these charges. Over one-third of the costs of public defense are due to DWLS 3 charges in the courts that use the traditional approach.

BAIL FORFIETURE

A few courts offer those charged with DWLS 3 to enter into a bail forfeiture in lieu of further criminal prosecution. Kitsap County has been using this approach for the last ten years. This process allows the person charged to post a bail amount set by the court; once it is paid, the case is closed. These cases usually are settled at the first appearance, commonly at the arraignment, and the case is closed with no further action. It has the impact of reducing court congestion at pretrial and trial calendars, and reduces public defense costs. This process does not require the driver to work towards relicensing by paying the underline fines or infractions. The city of Olympia recently started allowing bail forfeitures for charges of DWLS 3 and the criminal offense of No Valid Operators License without identification. This policy change has reduced the number of referrals of these cases to the public defender by over 40 %.

LOCAL AGREEMENTS

Prior to or at the time of arraignment, a few courts have reached agreements with the prosecutor's office to allow charges of DWLS 3 to be amended to infractions. The Pierce County Prosecutors office will review the evidence in a DWLS 3 case. If the driver is suspended for failing to pay an infraction, fine or penalty, or has failed to appear on an infraction, the court is notified that the arraignment may be stricken and the driver is offered an infraction. A few of the courts that follow this agreement also continue the arraignment. If the driver returns with a valid license, the court reduces the charge. This sometimes occurs without the prosecutor or Public Defender being present at arraignment. The local agreement process allows the person to avoid criminal prosecution; the court eases calendar congestion, and public defense costs are reduced due to amending the criminal case to an infraction. There is no data available to know if these drivers attempt to regain their driving privilege or pay their unpaid tickets or penalties.

POST-FILING RELICENSING PROGRAMS

Less than one-third of our courts offer a relicensing program at the time of arraignment. These drivers are usually cited and released with a promise to appear at arraignment, or arrested and booked into jail. At the time of arraignment they are advised of the relicensing program. If the driver qualifies, the case is continued, allowing time for the driver to enter the relicensing program. If the driver qualifies for the program and enters into a payment plan for the unpaid infractions and/or fines, the court is notified. Most courts, which have this type of program, will dismiss or reduce the original charge once the driver begins the payment plan and obtains a valid license. Many of these programs allow for walk-in participation; one does not have to be charged with DWLS 3 to participate.

Most of the relicensing programs in Washington offer the participants an opportunity to have their unpaid traffic tickets and fines retrieved from collection agencies. Some courts will waive the accrued interest and collection fees after the tickets or fines have been retrieved. Once the driver begins payments pursuant to the agreement and local eligibility requirements, the pending FTA is adjudicated and the driver may reinstate their driving privilege. The original charge and accompanying infractions are usually reduced or dismissed. Some of these relicensing programs require attendance in a driver's safety school.

These post-filing programs require that the prosecutor file the original charge with the court. The court sends out a summons and notice to appear for arraignment. At arraignment the drivers are advised of the relicensing program and may choose to enter it and continue arraignment. The case is continued to see if the driver can comply with the program requirements and obtain a license. Most of these cases are set for court reviews and if the driver returns with a license, the charge is dismissed or reduced to an infraction. If the driver fails to comply with the program or to return with a license, the case is set for arraignment or the driver enters a plea to the charge of DWLS 3.

Spokane, Yakima, Douglas County and Seattle have post-filing relicensing programs that also accept walk-in clients. Each program allows the participant to enter into a payment plan and have unpaid tickets retrieved from collection with interest and collection fees waived. Each participant has specific requirements to meet before the tickets are retrieved and adjudicated in order to clear the Department of Licensing suspension. Driver's safety school is a requirement in most cases as a part of the relicensing program. Some of these programs require an administrative fee be paid, which is usually \$100.00. The programs that charge an administrative fee indicate that the success rate increased with their programs once they imposed this fee. The administrative fee is used to offset the costs of running the programs; it does not fully fund the total administrative costs.

Spokane, Yakima, and Douglas County have entered into agreements with other courts in each of their counties, as well as some adjoining counties, to accept participants from outside their own jurisdictions. These agreements have proven very beneficial to the courts, participants, and for revenue recovery. These agreements allow for the smaller courts to refer defendants to the program. If the driver enters the relicensing program, the original DWLS 3 charge is usually dismissed or reduced. The courts are able to relieve calendar congestion and receive revenue for the unpaid infractions or fines.

Spokane's program is located in the Spokane City Attorney's office and run by two employees of Spokane County. The participants are either referred by the court or simply walk in to be screened for eligibility. If accepted into the program the participant must pay the administrative fee and begin payments. Depending on their history, they may be required to make one or more payments before the tickets are retrieved and adjudicated. Many of the cities within Spokane County agreed to be part of this program. Adjoining counties also participate in Spokane's program. Having the option to deal with other court's FTA holds is a great benefit. One stop to deal with most tickets or fines eliminates confusion and increases success. Spokane's program was very successful prior to Redmond V. Moore. The program was closed after the Moore decision, and was reopened after the legislative changes, which authorized the Department of Licensing to once again suspend drivers for unpaid obligations to the court. Spokane lost participation from some of the original cities and counties when the program closed.

Yakima's program is located in the county probation department and run by two employees of the department. They have cases referred by the court and also accept walk in clients. This program requires an administrative fee, completion of driver's safety school, and payments be made before the tickets are retrieved and adjudicated. Yakima has an agreement with most of the cities within the county to accept payments and deal with their unpaid tickets. Driver's safety school is offered at the probation department. The Yakima program was designed after the original Spokane program. Douglas County has recently started their own relicensing program after studying Spokane and Yakima's programs.

The City of Seattle's program operates within the Court. They have an Ombudsperson who works with the participants of the relicensing program. At the time of arraignment

there are public defenders present to review the incident report and also explain the program. The public defender discusses the steps necessary for the driver to reinstate his/her license. The arraignment is continued to allow the driver time to meet the requirements of the relicensing program. Seattle requires completion of driver's safety school as a condition of the relicensing program. If the driver is successful in meeting the requirements of the program the DWLS 3 charge is dismissed and any accompanying infractions may be dismissed or the fine reduced. If the driver fails to comply with the agreement the case returns for arraignment. This program has recently been expanded to accept walk-in participants. Seattle currently does not have an agreement to accept payments or adjudicate tickets with any other city or King County.

PRE-FILING RELICENSING PROGRAMS

A pre-filing program is designed to avoid prosecution entirely. Usually the driver is cited and released at the time of the offense and advised that the citation will be sent to the prosecutor's office for review. The prosecutor reviews the criminal history and incident, and if the driver is eligible for the relicensing program, the case is not filed with the court. The prosecutor's office sends notice to the driver that if they enter into the relicensing program, or reinstate their license, the case will not be filed. This type of program invites the driver to come to court and address the outstanding tickets, collection fees and interest. Some of the programs have judges available to hear from drivers about waiving penalties, converting fines to community service hours, work crew, or waiving interest and collection fees and allowing for payment of the original ticket and default fees.

King County has had a pre-filing relicensing program since 1999. The program was designed after meeting with the District Court Judges, the Prosecutor, Norm Maleng, and Public Defense. The charge is not filed with the court. The driver is cited and released and the citation is sent to the prosecutor's office for review. If eligible, the driver is sent a letter to appear at a relicensing calendar that is held at one of the county court locations. At court, the driver is advised of the requirements of the relicensing program. There are representatives from the collection agency available to discuss payment options. The court will hear arguments to convert some fines and penalties to community service hours or work crew. The court will also retrieve tickets from collection and waive interest and collections fees if full payment can be made. The prosecutor and public defense attorneys are not necessary at the relicensing appearance. If the participant is successful, the charge is never filed. If they are not successful the prosecutor may file the criminal charge of DWLS 3.

Snohomish County recently started a pre-filing relicensing program. The DWLS 3 charges are not filed directly with the court. The prosecutor's office reviews each charge and if the person is eligible, they receive a letter informing them that they have 90 days to obtain a valid license. If the driver is able to reinstate his/her license, the criminal charge is not filed with the court. While this program does not offer the potential of retrieving

tickets from collection and waiving interest and fees, about 50% of the participants in the first few months have reinstated their license. This program is currently located in the prosecutor's office and only requires a part time assistant.

SUCCESS RATES FOR RELICENSING PROGRAMS

Due to the very limited budgets that the relicensing programs have to operate, there is little data to judge their success. A majority of the programs estimate that approximately 50% of the participants were able to reinstate their license during the program. The City of Seattle has tracked the data for the last several years. The success rate for Seattle's program compared each month, between September 2007 and May 2008, showed a low of 30% in December 2007, and a high of 87% in March 2008. A study conducted in 2004 by Christopher Murray & Associates showed the King County relicensing program with a 52% success rate of participants reinstating their license.

While the data is very limited, it does show what most courts are reporting, over 50% of those charged with DWLS 3 are able to reinstate their driver's license if given adequate time and opportunity to enter into payment plans. Due to the lack of available data, there are no comparisons of the programs identified in this report. The cost of each program varies. Currently, each program has been responsible for its own funding since there is no statewide source of funds. The cost savings within each jurisdiction that have a relicensing program has helped to offset the costs of running the program.

Due to the limited number of relicensing programs currently available throughout Washington, and differences in dealing with charges of DWLS 3 in each jurisdiction, there is a significant disparity in how people are treated. Some are simply forced through the criminal process with little or no direction on how to regain their license. Others are given the option for payment plans, community service, and/or work crew, allowing them to clear the license suspensions and to regain their license. The disparity in treatment is simply related to where the offense takes place. There is a significant need for the State of Washington to look at this area of criminal prosecution and work towards helping suspended drivers regain their driver's license. The relicensing programs can and do have a positive effect on suspended driver's reinstating their licenses.

Driving While License Suspended in the 3rd Degree Diversion Programs

(DWLS₃)



Relevant Washington Statutes

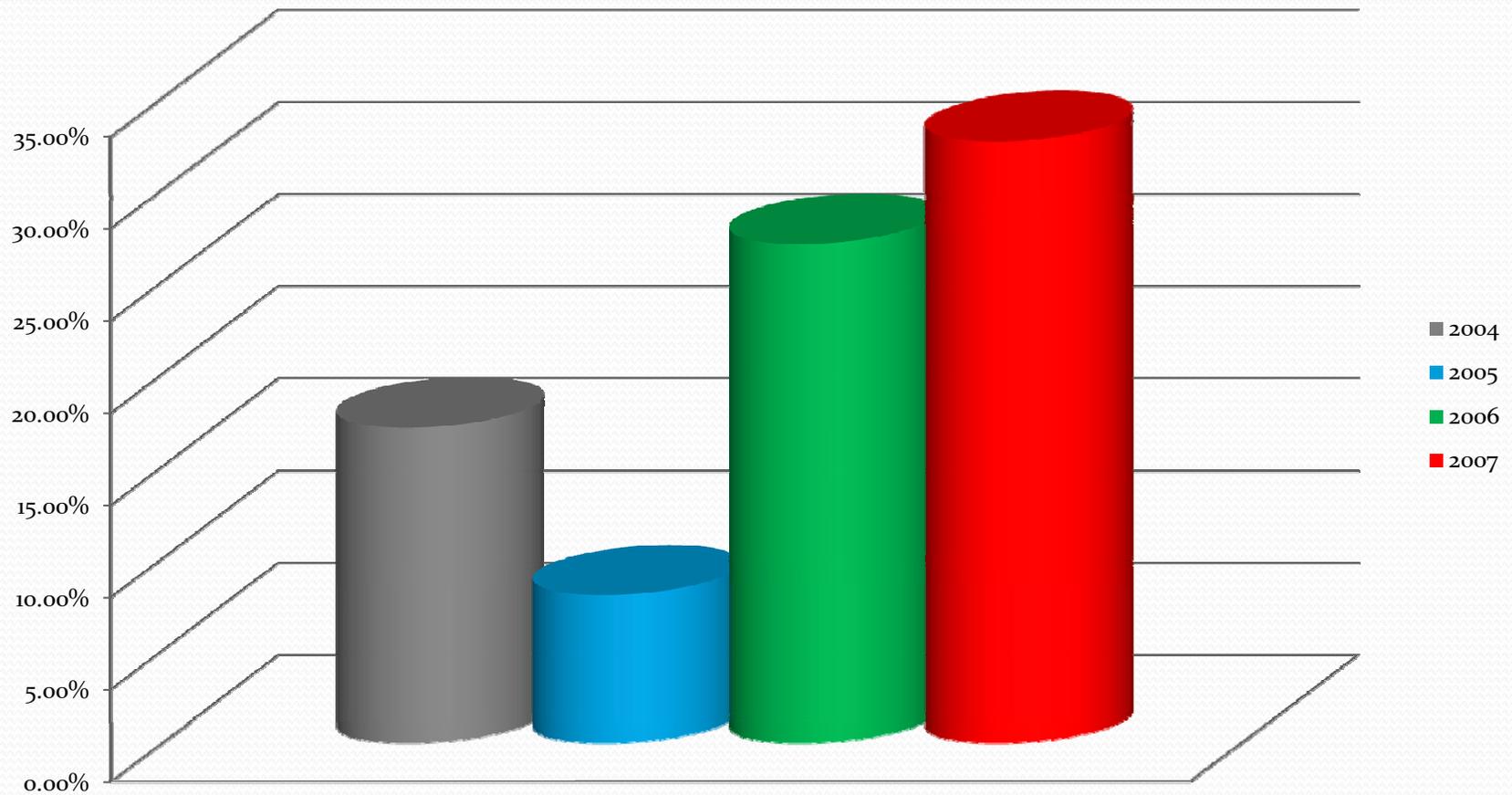
- RCW 46.20.291-Authority to Suspend-Grounds
- RCW 46.20.289-Suspension for Failure to Respond, Appear, Etc.
- RCW 46.63.110-Monetary Penalties



Statewide DWLS 3 Court Numbers

Year	Number of DWLS ₃
2004	41,960
2005	18,452
2006	77,607
2007	98,888

DWLS 3 Percent of Criminal Caseload





Time Pay - RCW 46.63.110

- Court has authority to enter into a payment plan with a defendant (reasonable payments based on the financial ability of a person to pay)



Survey of Courts of Limited Jurisdiction

- OPD conducted a survey of CLJ courts to determine what approaches and processes are used in the handling of DWLS 3 cases.
- 110 courts/prosecutors responded to the survey.
- 4 major approaches were identified.

Primary Types of DWLS 3 Procedures

Traditional-81%	Bail Forfeiture-2%	Post Filing Relicensing-15%	Pre-Filing Relicensing-2%
Aberdeen Municipal Court	Kitsap County District Court	Airway Heights Municipal Court	King County District Courts
Anacortes Municipal Court	Olympia Municipal Court	Cheney Municipal Court	Snohomish County District
Asotin County District Court		Deer Park Municipal Court	
Auburn Municipal Court		Douglas County District Court	
Battle Ground Municipal Court		East Wenatchee Municipal Court	
Bellingham Municipal Court		Medical Lake Municipal Court	
Benton County District Court		Moxee City Municipal Court	
Black Diamond Municipal Court		Pend Oreille County District Court	
Blaine Municipal Court		Seattle Municipal Court	
Bonney Lake Municipal Court		Selah Municipal Court	
Bothell Municipal Court		Spokane Municipal Court	
Bremerton Municipal Court		Spokane County District Court	
Burlington Municipal Court		Spokane Valley Municipal Court	
Centralia Municipal Court		Toppenish Municipal Court	
Chehalis Municipal Court		Yakima County District Court	
Chelan County District Court		Yakima Municipal Court	
Clallam County District Courts		Zillah Municipal Court	
Clark County District Court			
College Place Municipal Court			
Connell Municipal Court			
Cosmopolis Municipal Court			
Cowlitz County District Court			
Des Moines Municipal Court			
Edmonds Municipal Court			
Elma Municipal Court			

Primary Types of DWLS 3 Procedures-2

Traditional	Bail Forfeiture	Post Filing Relicensing	Pre-Filing Relicensing
Enumclaw/Maple Valley Municipal Court			
Everett Municipal Court			
Federal Way Municipal Court			
Ferndale Municipal Court			
Ferry County District Court			
Fife Municipal Court			
Fircrest Municipal Court			
Franklin County District Court			
Garfield County District Court			
Grant County District Court			
Grays Harbor County District Court			
Hoquiam Municipal Court			
Island County District Court			
Issaquah Municipal Court			
Jefferson County District Court			
Kittitas County District Courts			
Klickitat District Courts			
Lake Forest Park Municipal Court			
Lakewood Municipal Court			
Lewis County District Court			
Lincoln County District Court			
Marysville Municipal Court			
Mason County District Court			
Milton Municipal Court			

Primary Types of DWLS 3 Procedures-3

Traditional	Bail Forfeiture	Post Filing Relicensing	Pre-Filing Relicensing
Montesano Municipal Court			
Mount Vernon Municipal Court			
Napavine Municipal Court			
North Bonneville Municipal Court			
North Pacific District Court			
Ocean Shores Municipal Court			
Okanogan County District Court			
Orting Municipal Court			
Othello District Court			
Pacific Municipal Court (King)			
Pasco Municipal Court			
Pierce County District Court			
Port Orchard Municipal Court			
Poulsbo Municipal Court			
Raymond Municipal Court			
Renton Municipal Court			
Ritzville District Court			
Roslyn Municipal Court			
Roy Municipal Court			
Ruston Municipal Court			
San Juan County District Court			
SeaTac Municipal Court			
Shelton Municipal Court			
Skagit County District Court			
South Bend Municipal Court			
Stevens County District Court			

Primary Types of DWLS 3 Procedures-4

Traditional	Bail Forfeiture	Post Filing Relicensing	Pre-Filing Relicensing
Stevenson Municipal Court			
Sumas Municipal Court			
Sumner Municipal Court			
Tacoma Municipal Court			
Tenino Municipal Court			
Thurston County District Court			
Union Gap Municipal Court			
Vader Municipal Court			
Walla Walla County District Court			
Wapato Municipal Court			
Whatcom County District Court			
Whitman County District Court			
Winlock Municipal Court			
Yelm Municipal Court			



Traditional Approach After Case Filing

- Licensing issues may be addressed
- Most courts continue case so defendant can obtain a license and return to court
- If the defendant returns with a license, the charge is reduced, dismissed, or sentence reduced
- Involves numerous court hearings, a prosecutor, public defender, judge, and court staff
- Includes Clark County District Court, Thurston County District Court, Chelan County District Court, Benton County District Court, Franklin County District Court, Grant County District Court



Bail Forfeiture

- Licensing issue normally not addressed
- Defendant notified that bail can be posted and then forfeited
- Forfeiture maybe interpreted as a criminal conviction
- Up to a 40% reduction in public defender referrals
- Reduces court congestion
- Kitsap County District Court and Olympia Municipal Court



Post Charge Relicensing Program

- Relicensing addressed
- Eligible defendant referred to the relicensing program and the case is continued
- Defendant is given assistance on where to pay fines, enter into payment plans, and obtain a license
- If defendant completes the program, the case is dismissed
- Increases payment of fines
- Reduces prosecutor and public defender time
- Includes City of Spokane and partner courts, Seattle Municipal Court, Yakima County District Court and partner courts



Pre-Charge Filing Relicensing Program

- Pre-filing screening by prosecutor
- If defendant is eligible, court case is not filed and person enters the relicensing program
- If successfully completes the program-case never filed
- If not successful-case is filed
- Increases payment of fines
- Reduces court, prosecutor and public defender time
- Greatly reduces court congestion
- King County District Court and Snohomish County Prosecutor



Snohomish County Relicensing Program

- Pre-charge case filing program
- Prosecutor reviews reports and driving history for eligibility
- Eligibility criteria
 - Less than three DWLS convictions
 - One or less serious criminal violations (DUI, Reckless Driving, Hit and Run Attended)
 - No felony traffic or vehicle related felony convictions
 - No subsequent DWLS arrests or charges
 - Less than 3 previous failures to appear for any criminal charge
- Letter sent offering not to prosecute if person reinstates driving privilege within 90 days of letter date
- Since May 1, 2008, approximately 105 have license cleared



King County Relicensing Program

- Pre-charge case filing program
- Prosecutor reviews reports and driving history for eligibility
- Invitation to enroll in lieu of filing the DLWS 3 case
- Enrolled persons are offered a variety of payment option including community service and the Community work Program
- Unsuccessful participant cases referred to prosecutor for determination of filing.
- Estimate 84% reduction in DWLS 3 filings over a 2 year period
- Revenue exceeds costs of program



Seattle Municipal Court Program

- Post case filing program
- Referred to program and case continued
- Run by court staff
- Projected number of people obtaining a license in 2008 is 736
- In 2007 the program collected \$283,842 and 1,234 Community Service Hours



City of Spokane Program

- Post case filing relicensing program
- Run by the city prosecutor's office
- Multiple jurisdictions participate-Spokane County, Airway Heights, Cheney, Medical Lake, Pend Oreille County, Spokane Valley
- Case dismissed if successfully completes
- First 4 months-604 participants graduated from program
- Projected annual amount of fines collected-\$240,000

	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
45	Elmer Municipal Court	106 N 2nd St	PO Box 2013	98541-360-482-2603	2013	Yes	not sure	no	yes	yes	yes	not sure	not sure	yes	no	no	yes	yes
46	Elmer City Municipal Court	605 Station Ave	PO Box 178	99124-508-633-2872	0719	Yes	Cases filed in Champaign Dist Ct											
47	Elmwood/Maple Valley Municipal Court	1338 Griffin Ave		98022-360-802-0231	3011	Yes	35 to 40 %	no	yes	RCI for payments	yes	no	no	yes to infraction	no	no	no	yes
48	Elkhart Municipal Court	121 Albee St SW		98923-508-754-4801 ext. 1840	120	Yes	Grant County handles DWLS 3											
49	Everett Division, SCDC	3000 Rockwell Ave		98201-425-388-3588 Linda Diemant	4646	Yes	>30%	new pre-filing program	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	charge not filed if license reinstated	charge not filed	no	no	no
50	Everett Municipal Court	MS Bldg. Warnore Ave		98201-425-257-8778	4018	Yes	30 to 40%	no	yes	yes	yes	not sure	not sure	yes	no	no	no	yes
51	Evergreen Division, SCDC	14414 175th Ave SE		98272-360-805-6776	1149	Yes	>30%	new pre-filing program	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	charge not filed if license reinstated	charge not filed	no	no	no
52	Federal Way Municipal Court		PO Box 8717	98093-253-835-3019	8717	Yes	not sure	no	yes	yes	yes	not sure	not sure	yes to infraction	no	no	no	yes
53	Ferris Municipal Court	5084 2nd Ave	PO Box 281	98248-360-384-2827	0281	Yes	not sure	no	yes	yes	yes	not sure	not sure	yes	no	no	no	yes
54	Ferry County District Court	350 E Delaware # 6		99168-509-775-5234	8747	Yes	>30%	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no	no	yes
55	Fife Municipal Court	3737 Pacific Hwy E		98424-253-922-6635	1135	Yes	>30%	no	yes	yes	yes	not sure	not sure	yes	no	no	no	yes
56	Finnest Municipal Court	115 Ramsell St		98488-253-584-8822	8812	Yes	>30%	no	yes	yes	yes	not sure	not sure	yes	no	no	no	yes
57	Franklin County District Court	1016 N 4th Ave		98301-509-545-3585	3706	Yes	not sure	no	yes	yes	yes	not sure	not sure	yes	no	no	no	yes
58	Garfield County District Court		PO Box 817	99347-508-843-1002	0817	Yes												
59	Georgia Municipal Court	102 Richmond Ave	PO Box 5277	98824-508-785-5081		Yes	not sure	no	yes	yes	yes	not sure	not sure	yes	no	no	no	yes
60	Grays Harbor Municipal Court	3510 Grandview St		98335-253-851-7608	1825	no	Grant County handles DWLS 3											
61	Grand Coulee Municipal Court		PO Box 180	99133-508-633-1150	0180	Yes	Grant County handles DWLS 3											
62	Grant County District Court	35 C St NW	PO Box 37	98823-508-754-2011 ext. 628	0037	Yes	>33%	no	yes	yes but no adjudication of FTA until paid in full	yes	yes	yes	yes to infraction	no	yes if can pay \$300.00 at Arr.	yes	
63	Grays Harbor County District Court	102 Broadway Ave W Rm. 202A		98583-360-248-3441	3921	Yes	not sure	no	yes	yes	yes	not sure	not sure	yes to infraction	no	no	no	yes
64	Hoquiam Municipal Court	809 8th St		98550-380-532-5700 ext. 3522	235	Yes	>30%	no	no but will accept plea of guilty and court for reduction if yes	yes	yes	not sure	not sure	yes	no	no	no	yes
65	Island County District Court	800 SE 8th Ave		98277-360-678-3883	2988	Yes	>30%	no	yes	yes	yes	sometimes	sometimes	yes	no	no	no	yes

	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
88	Milton Municipal Court	1000 Laurel St	98354-253-222-7625 8650			YES	30 to 40 %	no	YES	YES	YES	no	no	YES	no	no	YES	YES
89	Montezuma Municipal Court	112 N Main St	98553-360-248-4245 3707			YES	>30%	no	YES	YES	YES	no	no	YES	no	no	YES	YES
90	Morosa Lake Municipal Court	321 S Balsam	98837-508-708-4201 0244			YES	>30%	no	YES	YES	YES	no	no	YES	no	no	YES	YES
91	Mount Vernon Municipal Court	1805 Continent at PI	98273-360-338-8205 5625			YES	Grant County handles DWLS 3											
92	Moose City Municipal Court	255 W Seattle	98936-508-575-8851 0249			YES	not sure	no	YES	YES	YES	not sure	not sure	YES	no	no	no	YES
93	Nasawana Municipal Court	407 Birch Ave SW	98445-360-282-8231 0810			YES	filed in Yakima											
94	North Bonneville Municipal Court	City Hall - Cascade Dr	98639-508-427-8182 0007			YES	30 to 40%	no	YES	YES	YES	no	no	no	no	no	YES	YES
95	North Pacific District Court	300 Memorial Dr 2nd Fl	98438-360-875-8354 0134			YES	>35%	no	YES	YES	YES	no	no	YES	no	no	no	YES
96	Oakville Municipal Court	204 E Main	98568-360-273-5531 0078	Key		YES	30 to 40 %	no	YES	YES	YES	no	no	YES	no	no	no	please send get over to get license
97	Ocean Shores Municipal Court	PO Box 809	98589-360-288-2488 0908			no												
98	Office Of The Presiding Judge, KCDC	518 3rd Ave Rm W-1034	98104-208-205-2820 2385			YES	30 to 40%	no	YES	YES	YES	no	no	YES	no	no	no	YES
99	Oregon County District Court	148 N 3rd Rm 308	98840-508-422-7170 0986			YES	>35%	YES	YES	YES	YES	pre-filing progrm	no	no	yes not filed	no	pre-filing program	
100	Olympia Municipal Court	908 8th Ave SE	98507-360-708-2763 1987			YES	>30%	no	YES	YES	YES	no	no	YES	no	no	sometimes	YES
101	Omak Municipal Court	2 N 4th	98841-508-826-2971 0072			YES	30 to 40%	no	no	YES	YES	YES	no	no	no	no	no	YES
102	Oting Municipal Court	401 Washingt on Ave	98390-360-893-3180 0488			no												
103	Othello District Court	425 E Main St	98344-508-488-3835 1348			YES	>30%	no	YES	YES	YES	no	no	YES	no	no	sometimes	YES
104	Pacific Municipal Court (King)	100 3rd Ave SE	98047-253-928-1141 1349			YES	30 to 40%	no	YES	YES	YES	alliance one	no	YES	no	no	YES UP TO 80 days	YES
105	Pasco Municipal Court	1018 N 4th Ave	98301-508-545-3481 3706			YES	not sure	no	YES	YES	YES	not sure	no	YES	no	no	no	YES
106	Pend Oreille County District Court	PO Box 5030	98158-508-447-4110 5030			YES	not sure	no	YES	YES	YES	no	no	YES	no	no	no	YES
107	Pierce County District Court	830 Tacoma Ave S Box 601	98402-263-768-753 2115			YES	30 to 40%	no	YES	YES	YES	valley empire	YES	YES	no	no	no	YES
108	Port Orchard Municipal Court	Prospect St	98366-380-878-1701 5326			YES	30 to 40%	no	no	YES	YES	alliance one	YES	no	no	no	no	YES
109	Prusko Municipal Court	18050 Wy NE	98370-360-778-8848 0098			YES	>30%	no	YES	YES	YES	YES	no	YES	no	no	no	YES
110						YES	not sure	no	YES	YES	YES	not sure	not sure	YES	no	no	no	no

	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
	Playalup Municipal Court	929 E Main Ave Ste 120	98372-253-841-5450 3116															
111	Quincy Municipal Court	104 B St SW	98848-508-787-3523 60 Box 538															
112	Raymond Municipal Court	230 2nd St	98577-360-842-4102 2406		filed Grant county				yes 60 days	yes	yes MacDonald's	yes	yes	yes infraction	no	no	no	yes
113	Renton Municipal Court	1055 S Crissy Way	98957-425-330-8550 3522		20%				yes 60 days	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no	no	yes
114	Riverview District Court	210 W Broadway Ave	98189-508-658-1002 1860		>30%				yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no	no	yes
115	Royal Municipal Court	700 E 1st St	98922-508-674-5533 1251		unknown				no	yes	yes	no	unknown	unknown	unknown	no	no	yes
116	Roy Municipal Court	216 McNaught St	98580-253-843-0463 0700		<30%				yes will read and	yes	yes Washington of no	yes	yes	sometimes	no	no	yes	yes
117	Royal City Municipal Court	445 Camelia St NE	98957-508-346-2263 1238		30 to 40%				yes	yes	yes alliance one	no	no	sometimes	no	no	no	yes
118	Riverton Municipal Court	5117 N Winnifred St	98407-253-755-8545 8512		Grant County hard				yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no	no	yes
119	Saw Juan County District Court	2nd And Court St	98250-360-378-4017 0127		60%				yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes to infraction	no	no	no	yes
120	SeaTac Municipal Court	4800 S 188th St	98168-206-973-4610 8605		<30%				sometimes	yes	yes	yes	sometimes	sometimes	no	no	no	yes
121	Seattle Municipal Court	Seattle Justice Center	98124-206-884-8710 34887		>30%				yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	sometimes	no	no	no	yes
122	Sequoia Municipal Court	600 5th St	98284-360-855-0368		30 to 40%				yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	no	yes	no
123	Salish Municipal Court	115 W Nicholas Ave	98942-508-698-7328 1323						yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no	no	no	yes
124	Shelton Municipal Court	525 W Code St	98584-360-426-8772 2238		20 to 30%				yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes
125	Skagit County District Court	600 S 3rd St	98273-360-336-0318 0340		30 to 40%				sometimes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no	sometimes	yes
126	Skamania County District Court	240 Vancouver Ave	98648-508-427-3760 0790															
127	Snohomish County District Court Administration	3000 Rockefeller Ave	98201-425-388-3568 4046		not sure				sometimes	yes	yes	yes	no	sometimes	no	sometimes	no	yes
128	Snohomish County District Court Administration	3000 Rockefeller Ave	98201-425-388-3568 4046		30 to 40%				preffling	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	charge not filed	no	no	yes if no license
129	Snohomish County District Court Administration	3000 Rockefeller Ave	98201-425-388-3568 4046		30 to 40%				preffling	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	charge not filed	no	no	yes if no license
130	Soap Lake Municipal Court	239 2nd Ave SE	98851-508-246-1211 1270		30 to 40%				preffling	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	charge not filed	no	no	yes if no license
131	South Bend Municipal Court	1102 W 1st St	98586-960-875-5571 0069		filed in Grant Cou				yes	yes	yes Donald credit	yes	yes	yes infraction	no	no	sometimes	yes
132					30 to 40%				yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes infraction	no	no	sometimes	yes

